

L8-3 Multiplying Polynomials



KeyConcept FOIL Method

Words To multiply two binomials, find the sum of the products of **F** the *First* terms, **O** the *Outer* terms, **I** the *Inner* terms, **L** and the *Last* terms.

Example

	<p>Product of First Terms</p> <p>↓</p>	<p>Product of Outer Terms</p> <p>↓</p>	<p>Product of Inner Terms</p> <p>↓</p>	<p>Product of Last Terms</p> <p>↓</p>
$(x + 4)(x - 2)$	$= (x)(x)$	$+ (x)(-2)$	$+ (4)(x)$	$+ (4)(-2)$
	$= x^2 - 2x + 4x - 8$			
	$= x^2 + 2x - 8$			

$$(y + 8)(y - 4)$$

$$(y \cdot y) + (-4 \cdot y) + (8 \cdot y) + (8 \cdot -4)$$

F
O
I
L

$$y^2 - 4y + 8y - 32$$

$$y^2 + 4y - 32$$

F
 O
 I
 L
 First
 Outer
 Inner
 Last

$$(2x + 1)(x + 6)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & & & \text{FOIL} \\ \text{F} & \text{O} & \text{I} & \text{L} \\ (2x \cdot x) & + & (2x \cdot 6) & + & (1 \cdot x) & + & (1 \cdot 6) \end{array}$$

$$2x^2 + 12x + 1x + 6$$

$$2x^2 + 13x + 6$$

$$(5x - 4)(2x + 8)$$

$$10x^2 + 40x - 8x - 32$$

$$10x^2 + 32x - 32$$

The Distributive Property

$$(3z + 2)(4z^2 + 3z + 5)$$

$$(3z \cdot 4z^2) + (3z \cdot 3z) + (3z \cdot 5) +$$


$$(2 \cdot 4z^2) + (2 \cdot 3z) + (2 \cdot 5) =$$

$$\underline{12z^3} + \underline{9z^2} + \underline{15z} + \underline{8z^2} + \underline{6z} + \underline{10} =$$

$$12z^3 + 17z^2 + 21z + 10$$

2 terms \cdot 3 terms =
6 terms when
unsimplified.

$$(3x^2 + 2x + 1)(4x^2 - 3x - 2)$$

 **KeyConcept** Square of a Sum


Words The square of $a + b$ is the square of a plus twice the product of a and b plus the square of b .

Symbols $(a + b)^2 = (a + b)(a + b)$ **Example** $(x + 4)^2 = (x + 4)(x + 4)$
 $= a^2 + 2ab + b^2$ $= x^2 + 8x + 16$

 **KeyConcept** Square of a Difference

Words The square of $a - b$ is the square of a minus twice the product of a and b plus the square of b .

Symbols $(a - b)^2 = (a - b)(a - b)$ **Example** $(x - 3)^2 = (x - 3)(x - 3)$
 $= a^2 - 2ab + b^2$ $= x^2 - 6x + 9$

 **KeyConcept** Product of a Sum and a Difference

Words The product of $a + b$ and $a - b$ is the square of a minus the square of b .

Symbols $(a + b)(a - b) = (a - b)(a + b)$
 $= a^2 - b^2$

$$(9d + 4)(9d - 4)$$

$$(7z + 2)^2$$

$$(3c - 4)^2$$

$$(3x + 2)^2$$

$$(2m - 3)^2$$

$$(3y + 2)(3y - 2)$$

GEOMETRY The area of a rectangle is the measure of the base times the height. Write an expression for the area of the rectangle.

